Contents

Welcome.....................................2
Why study social and political sciences?.....................................3
Meet our students...................... 4
Undergraduate degrees..............6
Undegraduate majors.................12
Welcome

The School is a lively, friendly and enthusiastic community of scholars from around the world, and attracts some of the very best students from Australia, and beyond.

We take great pride in ensuring that our teaching is current, topical, challenging and always informed by a deep engagement with the world around us.

Most recently, the Excellence for Research in Australia, which the federal government superintends to gather evidence on the performance of all disciplines across Australia, rated social sciences at the University as 5 out of 5, the highest in New South Wales and equal top in Australia with UQ and the ANU.

In the Leiden rankings, which is a metric-based global exercise to examine where the most significant research is taking place, the social sciences in Sydney was placed second in Australia.

These and other external measures of quality underline once again the extraordinary progress we have made as a School and as an academic community of the social sciences in becoming one of the very top institutions in the world.

With nearly 100 academic staff, a constant stream of eminent visiting scholars, colloquia, conferences and workshops, the School is an exciting place to work and study. The School will be moving to a state-of-the-art new building, which will greatly enhance the facilities available to students, as well as underpinning our development as the leading centre for research and teaching in the social sciences in Australia. It features experimental labs, student study areas, a high tech lecture theatre and many spaces designed to enhance the student experience.

This guide will hopefully give you an idea of the range of activities and courses we offer in SSPS. We hope you find it informative and that it will spark your interest in visiting us.

@Usyd_sspss
/Usyd.sspss
Departments and Centres

The School of Social and Political Sciences (SSPS) is one of five schools in the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, and consists of the following Departments and Centres:

- Anthropology
- Political Economy
- Sociology and Social Policy
- Government and International Relations
- Peace and Conflict Studies
- Centre for International Security Studies

Why study the social and political sciences?

Our undergraduate and postgraduate programs of study are flexible and complementary, engaging students in emerging contemporary issues as well as enduring concerns in the social and political sciences.

Our graduates learn analytical and practical skills that lead them to pursue diverse careers in the public service and non-profit sector, aid and development agencies including the United Nations, a range of non-governmental groups and businesses with a core interest in international trade, teaching, research and the university sector, as well as in journalism and communications, law and legal studies, consultancies and private sector management.
Meet our students

From developing a fresh perspective on climate change to making economics about people and not numbers, the world needs social and political science experts more than ever to tackle the pressing social, political and cultural challenges of our time.

Nicola Smart
Anthropology

Nicola Smart recently finished up her Oxfam Internship, through the University’s dedicated Internship Program, which has helped her develop a whole new skill set and network of contacts. She’s extremely passionate about forging a career in development planning, especially to do with youth engagement and helping rehabilitate child soldiers.

Jayson Waters
International Relations

2016 is a big year for Jayson Waters who is busy building a gym in Colombia to help promote fitness and nutrition among children living in slum areas. He’s also working with a German philanthropist to set up schools in regional areas of India, where people are forced to work in garment factories just so they can make enough money to send their children to the nearest schools, which are usually in far away cities.
Felicity Wade
Political Economy

Felicity Wade runs the Labour Environment Action Network, and has played a key role in stopping Hinchinbrook from being overdeveloped, as well as helping Australia deliver its Kyoto Protocol commitments. First and foremost she seems herself as an environmental activist, who has the skills and knowledge to effect real change.

Ben Parker
Public Policy

Meet Ben Parker, in 2013 he and his friends co-founded the Australia–Myanmar Chamber of Commerce whose role is to promote trade and investment between the two nations. He spends half the year in Myanmar, overseeing the work and the positive benefits it brings to local business and people.

Want more? Take a look at the career paths of some of our most recent graduates in our new video series:

- sydney.edu.au/arts/ssps/student_experience/index.shtml
Undergraduate degrees

**Bachelor of Political, Economic, and Social Sciences (BPESS)**

The Bachelor of Political, Economic and Social Sciences degree is three years full time; or four years (for the honours degree). Its central focus is the study of political, economic and social issues. The program combines in-depth analysis with a broad multi-disciplinary approach to important contemporary political, economic and social problems and policies.

A major is to be chosen (after you have sampled subjects in your first year of study) from one of the following:

- Economics (ECON)
- Political Economy (ECOP)
- Sociology (SCLG)
- Anthropology (ANTH)
- Government and International Relations (GOVT)

You must also do a minimum of 12 senior credit points from any two of the following subject areas that are different from your core major: Economics, Government and International Relations, Political Economy, and either Anthropology or Sociology (not both). This constitutes the basis for a balanced, multidisciplinary social sciences education.

A second major or elective units of study can be chosen from any available Table A or Table B subject area, provided there is room in your degree structure.
### BPESS sample pathway

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Sample payway</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>BPESS Major Junior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Junior Unit (eg GOVT) BPESS Junior Unit (eg SCLG or ANTH) Table A or B Junior Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>BPESS Major Junior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Junior Unit (eg GOVT) BPESS Junior Unit (eg SCLG or ANTH) Table A or B Junior Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Senior Unit (eg GOVT) BPESS Senior Unit (eg SCLG or ANTH) Table A or B Junior/ Senior Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) Table A or B Senior Unit Table A or B Junior/ Senior Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Senior Unit (eg GOVT) BPESS Senior Unit (eg SCLG or ANTH) Table A or B Senior Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) BPESS Major Senior Unit (eg ECOP) Table A or B Senior Unit Table A or B Senior Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note: If you are considering majoring in Economics there are four compulsory junior units of study (24 credit points) that you need to take. You will need to choose your units in your first year very carefully.

*Please be advised that as of 2018 BPESS will undergo changes to its course structure and there will be no new entries into the BPESS program. If you have any questions please contact ssps.enquiries@sydney.edu.au*
Undergraduate degrees

**Bachelor of International and Global Studies (BIGS)**

The Bachelor of International and Global Studies is three years full time; four years full time (honours).

The ability and skills to interpret and operate effectively in an increasingly integrated world are critical to graduates’ success in a range of professional fields. Accordingly, the University of Sydney has redeveloped this degree to give students interested in a range of disciplines a way to focus their studies on international and global perspectives. The degree consolidates the University’s position as a leading institution for the study of international and global issues within the humanities and social sciences.

**Degree requirements**

The requirements for the Bachelor of International and Global Studies include 24 credit points of compulsory degree-specific units of study and completion of a core major. The major can be chosen from the following list of subjects:

- American Studies
- Anthropology
- Arab World, Islam and the Middle East
- Asian Studies
- European Studies
- Government and International Relations
- History
- International Business
- Political Economy
- Sociology

A second major or elective units of study may be chosen from any one of the above mentioned subject areas, or from Table A or B as listed in this handbook (if International Business is undertaken as a core major, a second major from the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences (Table A) must also be completed).
Foreign language requirements
Students are required to study a minimum of 18 credit points in a single language other than English as part of the degree.

Study abroad
A minimum of 12 credit points taken in an approved exchange program at a university outside Australia is a requirement of this degree. There is some financial assistance available to assist students with their travel.

BIGS sample pathway

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>Sample payway</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>INGS1001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Language unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>INGS1002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Language unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Junior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>INGS2601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Language unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Senior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Senior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange</td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Senior Advanced (3000 level) Compulsory Major unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Senior Elective unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*significant changes are planned to enhance the programme from 2018. Leadership of the programme will pass from this School to SOPHI.
Undergraduate degrees

Bachelor of Arts

There are a number of requirements that have to be met in order to complete a major in the School of Social and Politics Sciences.

Requirements for the award

1. The units of study that may be taken for the Bachelor of Arts degree are set out in Table A and Table B of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences Tables of units of study.

2. To qualify for the award of the Bachelor of Arts degree, candidates must complete 144 credit points in total, comprising:
   - a maximum of 48 junior credit points;
   - a minimum of 96 senior credit points;
   - a major from Table A (please refer to online handbook for full listing)

3. Candidates must also be aware of the following limits:
   - a maximum of 18 junior credit points from one subject area;
   - a maximum of 60 senior credit points from one subject area;
   - a maximum of 60 credit points from Table B including no more than 12 junior credit points.

Majors

Completion of a Table A major is a requirement of the degree. Candidates have the option of completing a second major from either Table A or Table B. Units of study counted towards one major may not count toward any other major completed.

See across the page for majors offered by the School of Social and Political Sciences.
## Bachelor of Arts sample pathway doing two SSPS majors

Sample progression table – Bachelor of Arts with majors in Political Economy and Government and International Relations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Sem</th>
<th>Type of unit of study</th>
<th>credit points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) junior prerequisite unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) junior prerequisite unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) junior prerequisite unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) junior prerequisite unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) senior unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) senior unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) senior unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) senior unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) senior unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) senior unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Arts (Table A) major (eg, GOVT) senior unit</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts (Table A) 2nd major (eg, ECOP) senior unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total = 144
Majors
Government and International Relations

A Government and International Relations major provides an opportunity to study the workings of government and the distribution of power in society from a range of angles. This includes:

- Global politics: the study of the politics of countries around the world, and the way these nations interact in the international arena (foreign affairs, strategic behaviour and diplomacy)
- Australian politics: the role of political parties and elections, interest groups and social movements
- Comparative politics: the way politics is conducted in different nations, and the impact of different political systems on the distribution of power in society
- How governments create and implement public policy
- Environmental politics and policy making practices
- Specialist topics focusing on political philosophy, human rights, media, and security.

In 2015 the Excellence in Research for Australia initiative ranked political science at the University of Sydney 5/5 (the maximum possible ranking) in recognition of the Department’s international reputation and impact. We are the only University in the State with this ranking and one of only four in Australia.

The Department is linked to influential research, such as the Electoral Integrity Project, which investigates electoral corruption and standards around the world, as well as the Sydney Democracy Network and Centre for International Security Studies, both of which bring renowned human rights activists, cyber security experts, and researchers in the field, on campus to discuss the most pressing social and security issues of our time. Students are encouraged to take every opportunity to be part of the conversation.
## Government and International Relations

A major in Government and International Relations requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table, including at least six credit points from 3000-level units of study.

### Junior Units of Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Two junior units of study (12 cps) from:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GOVT1101: Australian Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT1104: Introduction to Political Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT1105: Geopolitics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT1107: Introduction to Comparative Politics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT1202: World Politics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Senior Intermediate Units of Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Six elective units of study (36 cps) from</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>senior-intermediate (2000-level) and senior-advanced (3000-level) units of study.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Senior Advanced Units of Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At least One unit of study (6 cps) from senior-advanced (3000-level) units of study.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Political Economy

A major in Political Economy will equip you with an understanding of the most pressing economic issues of our time, including:

- What are the sources of inequality between individuals and nations and how can inequality be reduced?
- Is there an inherent conflict between economic growth and environmental sustainability?
- How and why do economies descend into crisis, and can economic crises be prevented?
- How is our economy shaped by the interaction of governments, powerful corporate institutions, social movements and structures of class, gender and race?
- Who are the winners and losers in processes of economic restructuring?

Political Economy introduces you to the major competing economic theories and situates them within a social and political context.

The Department of Political Economy at the University of Sydney is the largest and most significant research centre for political economy in Australia. It is involved in more research grants and publications on heterodox economics than any other university in Australia.

It is truly unique because it is one of the few places you can study a holistic understanding of economics, including post-Keynesianism, the nature of market failure, the role of gender and migration in economics and the dynamics of development, food security and energy policy in the world economy.

The Department hosts a number of high profile events each year featuring world renowned political economists and influencers such as Erik Olin Wright, Alan Knight, and former finance minister of Greece, Yanis Varoufakis, who is an honorary professor with the Department.
A major in Political Economy requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table, including at least 12 credit points from core 2000-level units of study and 6 credit points from 3000-level units of study.

**Political Economy**

**Junior Units of Study**

Two junior units of study (12 cps):
- ECOP1001 Economics as a Social Science
- ECOP1003 International Economy and Finance

**Senior Intermediate Units of Study**

Two core senior-intermediate (2000-level) units of study (12 cps) chosen from:
- ECOP2011 Economic Theories of Modern Capitalism
- ECOP2012 Social Foundations of Modern Capitalism
- ECOP2612 Economic Policy in Global Context

**Senior Advanced Units of Study**

At least One unit from senior-advanced (3000-level) units of study (6 cps)

The remaining credit points for your major can be taken from senior units of study listed under electives in the unit of study table. This allows you to pursue areas of particular interest and specialise in topics encountered within core units.
Anthropology

Anthropology is the study of humankind, both what we have in common and ways of life in different societies. You will discover that understanding another culture also requires awareness that your own culture is only one possibility in the field of human diversity. Anthropology allows you to develop discerning views on major issues in the world today.

An Anthropology major is recommended for careers in international, non-government and entrepreneurial organisations concerned with multiculturalism, Indigenous affairs, and immigration.

In your first year you will be introduced to core methods and theories of cultural analysis. Senior units focus on:

- regional studies including Indigenous Australia, Latin America, and Asia
- comparing topics across different cultures (eg economy, politics, religion, the family)
- topics where a cross-cultural perspective is important (eg, gender, psychology, language, communication and media)

Anthropology at the University of Sydney is the focal point of academic anthropology in Australia, with the distinction of being the nation’s first Anthropology department, founded in 1925.

Many of the senior anthropologists working in Australia today graduated from the University. In recognition of this commitment to research and training of future anthropologists, the Department is the recipient of two major bequests for student fieldwork funding.

The Department specialises in areas of development and globalisation, rural and regional areas, consumer and youth culture, urban studies, and environmental change.

Half of our research staff are current involved in ongoing Australian Reasearch Grants, which demonstrates that we’re at the forefront of Anthropological discovery and significantly contribute to the field.
A major in Anthropology requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table. You must complete at least 6 senior credit points from units of study in each area: Regional, Thematic, and Theory and Method. You must also take 6 senior credit points from 3000-level units of study.

**Anthropology**

**Junior Units of Study**
Two junior units of study (12 cps): ANTH1001 Cultural Difference: An Introduction ANTH1002 Anthropology and the Global

**Senior Intermediate Units of Study**
At least One senior unit of study (6 cps) from each area:
Regional, Thematic, and Theory and Method

**Senior Advanced Units of Study**
At least One senior advanced unit of study (6 cps):
ANTH3601: Contemporary Theory and Anthropology
ANTH3602: Reading Ethnography

Depending on the other requirements of your degree program and other majors you may have chosen, you may be able to enrol in extra senior units in Anthropology.
How does society shape you as an individual? How do you shape the society in which you live? Such questions are central to sociology. Sociologists study human behaviour, beliefs and identity in the context of social interaction, social relationships, institutions and change.

A major focus of sociological research is understanding how society shapes us and we shape society. Sociology is also concerned with how the ‘modern’ world came about, how it is changing today, and how it might develop in the future.

When you study sociology you will be introduced through our junior units to key ideas and concepts to help you understand social life and social change. You will also be introduced to methods and techniques that will enable you to develop your own skills as a sociological researcher. These foundational ideas will be consolidated through our senior theory and methods units.

Your ability to ‘think like a sociologist’ will be consolidated by the study of specific areas within sociology, such as religion, mass media, sport, environmental issues, social movements, and many other topics. Key concepts include inequality, class, gender, power, deviance, change, agency, and identity.

The Department of Sociology is host to two new world-leading centres, The Sydney Asia-Pacific Migration Centre, and the LCT Centre for Knowledge-Building; a framework for the study of knowledge and education, which is now being used to analyse a growing range of practices across education, law, politics, art, and public understanding of science.
A major in Sociology requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table, including 12 credit points from core 2000 level units of study and 6 credit points from core 3000 level units of study.

### Junior Units of Study

- **Two** junior units of study (12 cps)
  - SCLG1001: Introduction to Sociology 1
  - SCLG1002: Introduction to Sociology 2

### Senior Intermediate Units of Study

- **Two** senior intermediate units of study (12 cps)
  - SCLG2601: Sociological Theory and either
    - SCLG2602: Social Inquiry: Qualitative Methods
    - SCLG2632: Quantitative Methods

### Senior Advanced Units of Study

- **One** of the two 3000 level units below:
  - SCLG3601: Contemporary Sociological Theory
  - SCLG3602: Sociological Theory and Practice

The remaining credit points for your major can be taken from senior units of study listed under electives in the unit of study table. These units provide specialist content (e.g., religion, social inequality, terrorism, power, celebrity, the environment, crime, law, human rights, childhood, deviance, media and communication, health and illness) enabling you to focus on particular topics in more detail.
Social Policy

Most countries today have systems to provide for citizens in times of need. These may be, for example, unemployment benefits for people out of work or pensions for the elderly. Social Policy is the study of the policies that create, shape and change such systems.

The Social Policy major focuses on how different policies affect the social and economic welfare of individuals, families and communities.

Studying social policy enables you to understand the principles underpinning the provision of social policies. It explores why and how some policies emerge and also why they disappear. The type of policy areas you will study include: work, unemployment and employment services; youth and children’s services; health policies; housing and urban/regional policies; policies for women, policies for Indigenous people; multicultural policies and policies relating to the environment.

When you study social policy you will learn about the key ideas and concepts that sociologists have been developing to help understand the world and which provide the foundations for understanding social policy, an forging a career in government, the public sector, and non-profit organisations.
A major in Social Policy requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table, including at least 18 credit points from core 2000-level units of study and 6 credit points from core 3000-level units of study.

**Social Policy**

**Junior Units of Study**

- **Two** junior units of study (12 cps)
  - SCLG1001: Introduction to Sociology 1
  - SCLG1002: Introduction to Sociology 2

**Senior Intermediate Units of Study**

- **Three** senior intermediate (2000-level) units of study (18 cps):
  - SCPL2601 Australian Social Policy
  - SCPL2602 The Principles of Social Policy
  - SCLG2632 Quantitative Methods

**Senior Advanced Units of Study**

- **One** senior advanced (3000-level) unit of study:
  - SCPL3604 Social Policy and Practice

The remaining credit points for your major can be taken from senior units of study listed under electives on the unit of study table. Elective units provide you with an advanced introduction to domestic and international social policy research and analysis, exploring specific policy fields and welfare state regimes. These units have specialist content (e.g., religion, inequality, social movements) enabling you to focus on narrower topics and learn about the particular concepts, theories and methods associated with these sub-fields of sociology and social policy.
Socio-Legal Studies

Socio-Legal Studies is the study of legal ideas, practices and institutions in their social and historical contexts. You will examine the institutions that make and enforce laws – for example, parliament, the courts and the police – and you will learn about a broad range of legal practices and their impact. These include arrest and imprisonment, the use of CCTV surveillance, regulating business, enforcing human rights, and prosecuting international war crimes.

Two central elements of the major are criminology – examining the logic of crime and punishment, medico-legal and forensic practices – and human rights. Socio-legal studies enables students to understand the impact of the legal system in different communities, so you will study how law operates across different countries and regions, as well as how law changes over time.

In the junior units you will be introduced to the key ideas and concepts that socio-legal scholars have developed to help understand the world. You will also become familiar with the methods and techniques that will enable you to undertake your own research. The senior units will consolidate your grasp of theory and methods, and enable you to focus on particular topics in socio-legal studies, such as the logic of crime and punishment, medico-legal and forensic practices, the philosophy of law, and the changing international regime of human rights.

Socio-Legal Studies can provide you with the skills that you can use in government and business administration and management, non-government organisations, criminology and public advocacy.
A major in Socio-Legal Studies requires at least 36 senior credit points from the unit of study table, including 18 credit points from core 2000-level units of study and 6 credit points from core 3000-level units of study.

**Socio-Legal Studies**

**Junior Units of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Two junior units of study (12 cps):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SLSS1001 Introduction to Socio-Legal Studies and SLSS1003 Law in Contemporary Society</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Senior Intermediate Units of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Three senior intermediate (2000-level) units of study (18 cps):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SCLG2601 Sociological Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCLG2615 Law and Social Theory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCLG2620 Social Inquiry: Qualitative Methods or SCLG2632 Quantitative Methods</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Senior Advanced Units of Study**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>One senior advanced (3000-level) unit of study (6 cps):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SLSS3601 Doing Socio-Legal Research</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The remaining credit points for your major can be taken from senior units of study listed under electives in the unit of study tables. These cover areas such as crime and criminology, Human Rights, Philosophy of Law and Media Studies. These units enable you to focus on specific topics and learn about the particular concepts, theories and methods associated with these sub-fields of socio-legal studies. There are three possible pathways: Criminology, Human Rights, and Law and Society.