2018


2017


2016


2015


Aim: To systematically review the management of intermittent allergic rhinitis: an Australian practice and its implications for pharmacy education.

Method: A systematic review of Australian literature was conducted using a well-defined search strategy to identify relevant studies. The primary outcome measures were the evidence for the management of intermittent allergic rhinitis and the implications for pharmacy education.

Results: The search identified 15 relevant studies. The majority of studies focused on the management of intermittent allergic rhinitis, with a strong emphasis on patient education and information needs. The studies also highlighted the need for further research in this area.

Conclusion: The management of intermittent allergic rhinitis requires a multifaceted approach that includes patient education, information provision, and the development of guidelines and tools for healthcare providers. The results of this study suggest that there is a need for further research in this area to improve the management of intermittent allergic rhinitis and enhance patient outcomes.

References:


2010


2009


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2007


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