# PRIVACY PROCEDURES 2023

Issued by: General Counsel

Current approver: General Counsel

Dated: 20 December 2023

Current policy approver: Chief Governance Officer

#### 1 Purpose and application

* 1. These procedures:
		1. are to give effect to the [*Privacy Policy 2017*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2011/81&RendNum=0) (“the policy”);
		2. deal with the disclosure of personal information to external parties; and
		3. apply to the University, staff, students and affiliates.
	2. These procedures do not apply to:
		1. requests for information made under the [*Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 (NSW)*](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/2009/52); or
		2. applications to access information under the [*Privacy and Personal Information Act 1998 (NSW)*](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/1998/133).
	3. The [*Data Breach Policy 2023*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2023/551&RendNum=0) specifies the process for managing an eligible data breach involving personal or health information held by the University.

#### 2 Commencement

These procedures commence on 11 December 2023.

#### 3 Interpretation

* 1. Words and phrases used in these procedures and not otherwise defined in this document have the meanings they have in the policy.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **consent** | means agreement, which is:* given by an individual who has the capacity to understand and communicate it;
* voluntary;
* informed;
* specific; and
* current.
 |
| **disclosure** | means providing an individual’s personal information to another person or entity, generally a person or entity outside of the University. |
| **express consent** | means consent that is: * clearly and unmistakably communicated;
* precise about the kind and, if possible, exact contents of the information to which it relates; and
* precise about to whom the information may be disclosed.
 |
| **health information** | means the type of personal information defined as such in s 6 of the [*Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002* (NSW)](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/2002/71). It may include, but is not limited to:* information about an individual’s physical or mental health or, disability;
* blood or DNA samples;
* information about a health service provided to an individual;
* information or opinions about an individual’s physical or mental health, or disability.
 |
| **held** | means information that is in the possession or control of the University’s staff or affiliates. This includes where staff or affiliates physically possess the information and also where they have the right or power to deal with it.  |
| **law enforcement agency** | has the meaning provided in section 3 of the [*Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998* (NSW)](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/1998/133) which at the date of these procedures is any of:* the New South Wales Police Force or the police force of any other State or Territory
* the New South Wales Crime Commission
* the Australian Federal Police
* the Australian Crime Commission
* the Director of Public Prosecutions of New South Wales or of another State or Territory, or of the Commonwealth
* the Department of Justice
* the office of the Sherriff of New South Wales
* a person or body prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.
 |
| **personal information** | has the meaning given in section 4 of the [*Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (NSW)*](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/1998/133)*,* excluding subsection 4(3)(j) of that Act. It includes any information or opinion about a person where their identity is apparent or can reasonably be ascertained, such as* an individual’s name;
* an individual’s address;
* an individual’s student or staff number;
* CCTV and other video recordings of an individual; and
* information or an opinion about an individual’s suitability for employment or promotion at the University.

**Note**: References to personal information includes health information.  |
| **privacy acts** | means either or both of the [*Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998* (NSW)](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/1998/133) and the [*Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002* (NSW)](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/#/view/act/2002/71)  |
| **privacy breach** | means a situation where personal or health information held by the University is lost or subjected to unauthorised access, modification, disclosure or other misuse or interference.  |
| **Proper Officer** | means the person appointed to receive subpoenas on behalf of the University. At the time of these procedures’ commencement, it is the University’s Records Manager. |
| **serious harm** | has the meaning given in the [*Data Breach Policy 2023*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2023/551&RendNum=0), which at the date of these procedures is: means harm that has a substantial detrimental effect on an individual. It includes:* + - physical harm;
		- economic, financial or material harm;
		- emotional or psychological harm;
		- reputational harm; and
		- other forms of serious harm that a reasonable person would identify as a possible outcome of the data breach.

**Note**: The effect on the individual must be more than mere irritation, annoyance or inconvenience. |

#### 4 Disclosure of personal information generally

* 1. The University will only disclose personal information that it holds about an individual if:
		1. the individual to whom the information relates has given their express consent;

**Note:** An individual cannot give express consent in advance to disclosure of information which does not exist, or is unknown, at the time consent is sought.

* + 1. the disclosure is required or authorised by law;
		2. the disclosure is directly related to the purpose for which the information was collected and there is no reason to believe the individual would object;
		3. the individual has been made aware, or is reasonably likely to have been aware, that information of that kind is usually disclosed;
		4. in the case of health information, and in accordance with the relevant statutory guidelines, it is reasonably necessary for the management of health services, training or research or it is being used for a related health treatment; or
		5. one of more of clauses 5 – 12 of these procedures applies.
	1. The University will only disclose personal information that it holds about an individual which relates to an individual's ethnic or racial origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, or sexual activities if:
		1. the individual has given their express consent;
		2. the University reasonably believes that it is necessary to prevent a serious or imminent threat to any person's life or health; or
		3. the disclosure is required or authorised by law.

#### 5 Disclosure in cases of emergency

* 1. The University may disclose an individual’s personal information without their consent where disclosure is necessary to prevent a serious and imminent threat to any person’s health or safety.
	2. The University may disclose health information without an individual’s consent if it is necessary to find a missing person.
	3. Decisions to disclose information in relation to subclauses 5(1) and 5(2) of these procedures are made as follows:
		1. relating to students: by the Pro Vice-Chancellor (Student Life) or the Executive Director Student Administration Services;
		2. relating to staff members: by the Chief Human Resources Officer;
		3. relating to members of the public: by the Manager, ARMS.

#### 6 Disclosure to government agencies

* 1. As required by law, the University may disclose the personal information of staff, affiliates and students to government agencies with responsibilities for social security and human services, national security, immigration and taxation.
	2. If there is no pre-existing administrative arrangement between the University and a government agency, disclosure may only occur in response to a formal written notice or request under the agency’s legislation.
	3. Staff or affiliates who receive a non-routine request for personal information from a government agency must contact the University’s Privacy Officer before responding.

**Note:** Use: privacy.enquiries@sydney.edu.au.

#### 7 Disclosure under subpoenas, warrants or other court orders

* 1. Staff or affiliates who receive subpoenas, warrants or other court orders must forward them to the University’s Proper Officer who will manage the response.

(2) Staff and affiliates must co-operate with any requests from the University’s Proper Officer as part of the University’s response to a subpoena or warrant.

#### 8 Disclosure to law enforcement agencies

* 1. Except in emergencies, a staff member or affiliate who receives a request (whether in person, written or over the phone) for personal information from a law enforcement officer or agency must forward it to the University’s Proper Officer who will manage the response.
	2. Decisions to disclose information to law enforcement officers or agencies are made as follows:
		1. relating to students: by the Pro Vice-Chancellor (Student Life) or the Executive Director Student Administration Services;
		2. relating to staff members: by the Chief Human Resources Officer;
		3. relating to members of the public: by the Manager, ARMS.

#### 9 Disclosure of closed circuit television (CCTV) vision

* 1. The University will only disclose CCTV vision that includes personal information (e.g. images of individuals) in accordance with clause 4 of these procedures.
	2. Except in emergencies, the University’s Proper Officer will manage disclosure of CCTV vision to a law enforcement agency.

#### 10 Disclosure to external service providers

Where an external service provider has access to personal information held by the University, the agreement under which the service provider is engaged must contain:

* + 1. a detailed description of the personal information that is to be provided to the service provider; and
		2. where the service provider holds personal information obtained in the course of the engagement:
			1. a requirement that the personal information be returned or securely destroyed at the end of the engagement; and
			2. specification of the manner in which it may be returned or destroyed.

**Note:**  Standard agreements containing these requirements are found [here](https://intranet.sydney.edu.au/services/buying-leasing-paying/buying/templates.html).

#### 11 Disclosure for research purposes

* 1. Staff, affiliates or students seeking to use or disclose health information or personal information for research purposes without the relevant individual’s consent must comply with the relevant statutory guidelines issued by the NSW Privacy Commissioner.

**Note:** See: [*Statutory Guidelines on Research Health Records and Information Privacy Act (2002) NSW*](https://www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/sites/default/files/file_manager/privacy_statutory_guidelines_research.pdf) and [S*tatutory Guidelines on Research section 27B Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (NSW)*](https://www.ipc.nsw.gov.au/sites/default/files/file_manager/Statutory%20Guidelines%20on%20Research%20under%20the%20PPIP%20Act%20September%202016.pdf).

* 1. Staff or students engaged in research subject to a grant from the National Health & Medical Research Council or the Australian Research Council, and who seek to use or disclose health or personal information, must comply with the relevant statutory guidelines approved by the Commonwealth Information Commissioner.

**Note:** See: [*Guidelines under section 95 of the Privacy Act 1988*](https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/F2014L01500/Html/Volume_2)and [*Guidelines approved under section 95A of the Privacy Act 1988*](https://www.legislation.gov.au/Details/F2014L00243/Incorporated%20Document/Text)*.*

#### 12 Disclosure to other external parties

* 1. The University will not disclose personal information without one or more of:
		1. the express consent of the subject of the information;
		2. being required or authorised by law to do so; or
		3. being properly served with a subpoena or similar court order to do so.
	2. Staff or affiliates who receive requests from solicitors or insurance companies should direct these to the University’s Proper Officer.
	3. Requests about deceased individuals should be directed to the University’s Proper Officer.
	4. Staff or affiliates must not provide a reference, for example for an employment application, unless the individual the subject of that reference:
		1. has requested a reference; or
		2. has given consent to the disclosure of their personal information.
	5. The University will only disclose personal information of students who are minors to their parents or guardians in accordance with the privacy acts, the policy and these procedures.
		1. External parties concerned that there may be a serious and imminent threat to life or health of a student should be directed to the University’s [Student Support Services](https://intranet.sydney.edu.au/services/student-support.html).

#### 13 Unauthorised disclosure

* 1. Staff, affiliates or students who become aware of an unauthorised disclosure of personal information involving an information or communications technology resource must immediately report it to the ICT Helpdesk.

**Note:** Use ict.support@sydney.edu.au or (02) 9351 6000.

* 1. Information and Communications Technology staff must notify the Manager, ARMS of any actual or potential unauthorised disclosure of personal information as soon as possible after becoming aware of it.

**Note:** privacy.enquiries@sydney.edu.au.

#### 14 Eligible data breach

* 1. An eligible data breach is one where a reasonable person would conclude that disclosure of the information is likely to result in serious harm to an individual to whom the information relates.
	2. An eligible data breach requires notification to one or more of:
		1. external stakeholders, such as the NSW Privacy Commissioner or the Commonwealth Information Commissioner; or
		2. internal stakeholders, such as those impacted by the breach and other University stakeholders.
	3. The [*Data Breach Policy 2023*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2023/551&RendNum=0) specifies the process for managing eligible data breaches involving personal or health information held by the University.

#### 13 Rescissions and replacements

These procedures replace the Privacy Procedures 2018 which are rescinded from the commencement date of this document.

## Notes

**Privacy Procedures 2023**

Date adopted: 20 December 2023

Date commenced: 20 December 2023

Date amended:

Original administrator: Manager, Archives and Records Management Services

Current document owner: Chief Governance Officer

Review date: 20 December 2028

Rescinded documents: Privacy Procedures 2018

Related documents: *Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)*

 *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998* (NSW)

 *Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002* (NSW)

[*Privacy Policy 2017*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2011/81&RendNum=0)

[*Data Breach Policy 2023*](https://www.sydney.edu.au/policies/showdoc.aspx?recnum=PDOC2023/551&RendNum=0)

## Amendment history

| **Provision** | **Amendment** | **Commencing** |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |